

**Summary of Primary Findings: - Key Trends and Developments Part II:- The Gender Perspective**

1. Females constitute nearly 53% of the of the total adult population
  
2. Males make up 51% of (i) the labour force and (ii) the employed labour force
  
3. The unemployment rate for females tends to be higher than that for males in most instances
  
4. Inactive females significantly outnumber inactive males
  
5. Females are dominant in the “Professionals” and “Clerical” occupational groupings, whilst males are dominant in the “Craft and Related” category
  
6. Females are dominant in the “Accommodation and Food Services” and the “Financial & Insurance” fields, whereas males are quite dominant in the Construction industry

7. Males dominate the category of workers with zero qualifications. Females tend to possess more higher level qualifications such as Diplomas and Degrees
  
8. Males tend to be prevalent at TVET focused institutions, whilst females constitute the majority of graduates at those institutions offering programmes which are primarily of an academic nature